

Terminology/ Grammar: YEAR 8 HT 4-5

Revision from HT3

1. Adjectives must agree with the noun that they are describing.
2. Their endings change to agree with the noun. (masculine / feminine and singular / plural)
3. The adjective mostly comes after the noun it is describing e.g "un table vert" - "a green table".
4. If the adjective is feminine, you need to add an "e" in most cases.
5. Exceptions to this are adjectives which end in "-eux", change to "-euse", adjectives which end in "-el", change to "-elle"
6. Adjectives which end in "-e" anyway (e.g drôle) do not get an extra "e".
7. Adjectives in the plural form add an "s" in most cases.
8. One total common exception to this rule is "beau" and "belle", which are different words for "handsome" and "pretty".
9. Reflexive verbs have an extra word called a **reflexive pronoun**. Eg
Je **me** douche = I have a shower (I shower myself)
10. Reflexive verbs are often actions you do to yourself.

HT4

11. Possessive adjectives are the words for my/your/his/her/our.
12. We change possessive adjectives to match the noun they are describing.
eg. Ma soeur mon frère mes parents
13. The near future tense uses the verb *aller* (to go) plus an **infinitive**:-

je vais = I am going
tu vas = you are going
il va = he is going
elle va = she is going
on va = we are going
nous allons = we are going
vous allez = you are going
ils vont = they are going
elles vont = they are going



Faire = to do/make
Aller = to go
Porter = to wear
Se disputer = to argue
S'entendre avec = to get on with
Lire = to read
S'amuser = to have fun
Venir = to come

Key verbs for this half term:

- a) Je m'entends bien = I get on well with/Je vais bien m'entendre avec = I'm going to get on well with/Je me suis bien entendu(e) avec = I got on well with
- b) Je me dispute = I argue with/Je vais me disputer = I'm going to argue/Je me suis disputé(e) = I argued with
- c) Je m'amuse = I have fun/Je vais m'amuser = I'm going to have fun/Je me suis bien amusé(e) = I had great fun
- d) Je me chamaille = I bicker/Je vais me chamailler = I'm going to bicker/Je me suis chamaillé(e) = I argued
- e) Je me fâche = I get angry/ Je vais me fâcher = I'm going to get angry/Je me suis fâché(e) = I got angry
- f) On se confie = We trust each other/On va se confier = We are going to trust each other/On s'est confié(e) = we trusted each other
- g) Je suis = I am/ Je vais être = I am going to be/J'ai été = I have been
- h) Ça me rend = It makes me/ Ça va me rendre = It's going to make me/ Ça m'a rendu = it made me
- i) Je porte = I wear/Je vais porter = I'm going to wear/J'ai porté = I wore
- j) Je lis = I read/Je vais lire = I'm going to read/J'ai lu = I (have) read
- k) Je télécharge = I download/ Je vais télécharger = I am going to download/J'ai téléchargé = I downloaded
- l) Je vais = I go/Je vais aller = I am going to go/Je suis allé(e) - I went

Other useful information

Faux amis

Cognates and near cognates are words that are spelled exactly the same or nearly the same as English words and have the same meaning in French. But be careful - there are some French words that look like cognates but which mean something completely different.

What does these words mean?

porter =
veste =



