

YEAR 7 GERMAN

HT1

Week 1:

1. A **cognate** = a word which is similar in German and in English
e.g. **Januar – January**
2. A **noun** = a word used to identify something e.g. **table**
3. Nouns in German always begin with a capital letter !
4. Can you put MY / THE / A in front of it ? It's a noun = needs a capital letter !
5. A **pronoun** = a word that takes the place of a noun e.g. I, he, she
6. A **verb** = a word used to describe an action e.g. to live → German infinitive verbs usually end in 'en', e.g. wohnen

Week 2:

1. DEFINITE article = THE
2. der = THE (masculine nominative)
3. die = THE (feminine nominative)
4. das = THE (neuter nominative)
5. INDEFINITE article = A / AN
6. ein = A (masculine nominative)
7. eine = A (feminine nominative)
8. ein = A (neuter nominative)

Week 3:

1. eins
2. zwei
3. drei
4. vier
5. fünf
6. sechs
7. sieben
8. acht
9. neun
10. zehn
11. elf
12. zwölf
13. dreizehn
14. vierzehn
15. fünfzehn
16. **sech**zehn
17. **sieb**zehn
18. achtzehn
19. neunzehn

Week 4:

1. To give a date in German (e.g. 7th) you need to apply the following rule:
2. numbers 1 – 19 = add 'ten' onto the end of the number - e.g. vier**ten**
3. EXCEPTIONS: ersten (1st), dritten (3rd), siebten (7th)
4. numbers 20 – 31 = add 'sten' onto the end of the number - e.g. zwanzig**sten**

Week 5:

1. Montag = Monday
2. Dienstag = Tuesday
3. Mittwoch = Wednesday
4. Donnerstag = Thursday
5. Freitag = Friday
6. Samstag = Saturday
7. Sonntag = Sunday

Week 6:

1. ich finde das ... (I find that ...)
2. es ist ... (It is ...)
3. das ist ... (That is ...)
4. ich mag ... (I like ...)
5. ich lerne Deutsch (I am learning German)
6. und = and → no change to word order
7. aber = but → no change to word order
8. denn = because → no change to word order

Week 7:

Fragewörter

Wie?

Was?

Wo?

Woher?

Wer?

Question words

How?

What?

Where?

Where ... from?

Who?

Oft benutzte Wörter

und

(und) auch

aber

sehr

ziemlich

nicht

High-frequency words

and

(and) also

but

very

quite

not